1. Advantages of the Axiom® Multi Level® solution in complete

Case study

A **49-year-old** patient presenting with high mobility and pain. The panoramic X-ray shows us a terminal stage of periodontal disease with tooth migration. Initially, only the upper maxilla will be treated opting for an all-on-4, which requires a single procedure only and will be performed in 5 months' time.



Dr Francis BAILLY

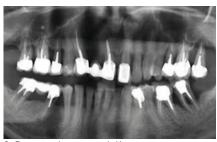
- Doctor of Dental Surgery, School of Medicine Lyon University
- University Diploma in Oral and Maxillofacial Implantology
- Trained in advanced surgery and bone grafting with Pr Khoury in Schellenstein, Germany
- Former associate practitioner at Lyon hospitals



Mr Alexandre BIENFAIT Bienfait dental lab



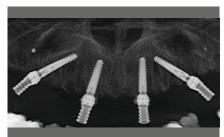
1_ Initial smile.



2 - Pre-operative panoramic X-ray.



6- Temporary 25° angulated abutments to follow the inclination of the implants. A temporary bridge is adapted on these abutments at the end of the procedure.



7_ End of procedure panoramic X-ray – 2 inLink® abutments have been screwed onto Axiom® BL implants, Bone Level on distal and two Axiom® TL implants, Tissue Level have been placed in 12 and 22.



11. The 360° rotation allows easy orientation Of temporary abutments in order to optimise the emergence of access channels. The temporary bridge is installed on these new abutments.



12_13_ Recalibration and aesthetic evaluation.



16- Ceramic bridge. A guiding lock is being used to aid its placement.



17_ The ceramic bridge is placed.



21_ Final smile.

rehabilitations

Anthogyr



3_ Initial clinical situation.



4- Use of Prof Itzhak BINDERMAN's Smart Dentin Grinder to obtain a powder of decontaminated particulate dentin mixed with APRF. 4 teeth are used to compensate the bone losses.



5₋ Mixture obtained from just 4 teeth.



8₋ At 3 months, the gums look very good thanks to our autologous bone replacement material and APRF.



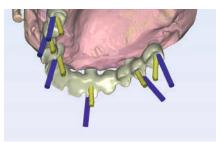
9- Once the gum levels are stabilised, we prefer to place 3.5 mm inLink® abutments (on the right) on the distal implants instead of the 2.5 mm abutments, thus facilitating the maintenance of the future bridge.



10_ Clinical view with new abutments which are slightly supragingival.



13_ Aesthetic evaluation.



14_ CAD concept image of the Simeda® frame: the screw channels in yellow and implant axes in blue show the angulation of the screw channels.



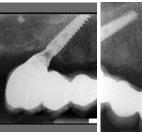
15-16- Simeda® ceramic bridge on titanium frame. Despite the sharp inclination of the implants, the screw channels for the locks emerge adequately without weakening the ceramic.

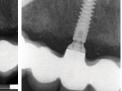


18- Quality of gum health at 10 months.



19_ Panoramic follow-up X-ray 10 months after implant placement.







20_ Retro-alveolar X-ray follow-up 10 months after surgery. The bone tissue looks excellent.

Conclusion

For this type of indication, Axiom® Multi Level® has been particularly helpful:

- the inLink® connection with a fixation lock permits very important corrections of implant axes divergences and gives the option to angulate the screw channel up to 25° to choose the emergence of their access channels
- the 360° abutment rotation facilitates their placement during the surgical phase and the processing of the prosthetic part
- bridge handling is facilitated by the fixation locks integrated in the frame